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CITY EDITION

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C. P. URGES N.Y. WORKERS TO FIGHT CUT

Resentment at 10 Per Cent Wagecut Spreading
TEACHERS START MOVE To Hold Emergency Meeting

The New York District of the Communist Party yesterday urged all city employees to resist the "voluntary" wage-cut demanded by Mayor Jimmy Walker. It is openly admitted by Tammany Hall that the ten per cent wage-cut is being railroaded through at the orders of New York bankers.

The Communist Party points out to the more than 100,000 city workers who will be affected by the proposed wage-cut that the money the city will obtain by cutting wages of salaried employees, can and should be obtained by increasing the taxes of the very bankers who insist on the wage-cut.

The Communist Party further points out that Walker's "economy" move is in part designed to cover up the scores of millions in graft stolen every year by Tammany Hall and its leaders, including the playboy Jimmy himself.

Opposition to the "voluntary" (CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO)

FOSTER SOON IN EASTERN CITIES

Big Jersey Picnic on Sunday

NEW YORK.—Wm. Z. Foster and James W. Ford, Communist candidate for President and Vice-President, are now both speaking in the eastern section of the country to thousands of people, according to a statement issued today by the National Communist Campaign Committee.

Upon their arrival in various cities, they are often greeted by large groups of workers at the railway station and paraded through the working class sections of the city.

Wm. Z. Foster will speak at Buffalo, N. Y., July 31st; Rochester, August 1st; Syracuse, August 2nd; Schenectady, August 3rd; Worcester, Mass., August 4th; Lawrence, August 5th; Boston, August 7th; and Providence, R. I., August 8th.

James W. Ford, the Vice-Presidential candidate, will speak from August 8th to 18th in Pittsburgh, Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio, and West Virginia.

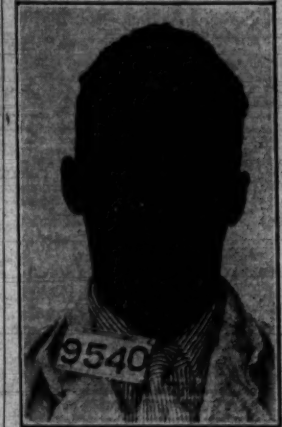
The national Communist headquarters are distributing hundreds of thousands of pamphlets and leaflets on various campaign issues. Posters on farmers, unemployed, and Negro problems are about ready for press, and will be distributed before another ten days are past. The posters will be all in two colors and will carry cartoons and photographs illustrating the contents. Various speakers are leaving in addition to the candidates for tours in all sections of the country.

Picnic in Jersey
NEWARK, N. J., July 26.—The statewide picnic of the Communist Election Campaign Committee, to be held in Linwood Grove, Metuchen, N. J., Sunday, July 31, will attract workers from many cities, it is announced. Plans for transporting Newark workers to the picnic grounds have just been completed, and other towns are making similar arrangements.

James W. Ford, Negro worker and Communist candidate for vice-president, has just completed a successful tour of the state, rousing thousands of workers by his vigorous exposure of the capitalist tactics and the presentation of the Communist Party program.

A leading member of the National Campaign Committee of the Communist Party will speak at the picnic, it is announced.

Campaign to Free Him



Ernest McDuffy, young Negro worker, of Anoka, Minn., serving a 7-year term in the Minnesota State Reformatory at St. Cloud, following a crude frame-up on a charge of "attempted rape."

DRIVE ON TO FREE MINN. NEGRO LAD

Gets 7-Year Term On "Rape" Frame-Up

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 26.—Aimed to compel his release from the Minnesota State Reformatory at St. Cloud, the International Labor Defense has just begun a new campaign on behalf of Ernest McDuffy, a young Negro worker, who is serving a seven-year term on a framed up charge of "attempted rape."

Born in Birmingham, Ala., McDuffy's parents were of the poorest class of Negro workers of the South. His father is a railroad worker employed in Birmingham. When he was 11 years old, the boy left for the North. He worked in many cities until he found a job in a garage at Anoka, Minn. There, he was working together with two white boys. Soon, the two white boys were laid off and he was kept on by the boss. The two white boys, in their desire to take the job away from McDuffy, attempted to frame him up on a rape charge. At that time, McDuffy had too much evidence to prove that he was innocent so that the attempt did not work.

Later on, however, another attempt was made to frame him this time successfully. All the facts prove that this is a rank frame-up. The charge was rape of an eight year old girl. However, after a doctor's examination of the girl, it was found that she had not even been touched. This forced a change in the charge to "attempt at rape."

Defrayed by Lawyer
The white mobsters wanted to make doubly sure that their case would go through, so they picked a lawyer of Anoka, Minn., to present himself before McDuffy as his friend. This lawyer, together with McDuffy's boss, served as a valuable assistance to the court. They advised Ernest to plead guilty to the charge on the basis that if he pleaded not guilty, he would stand a chance of getting lynched.

The International Labor Defense is beginning a campaign to mobilize the masses of Negro and white workers to force the Farmer-Labor Governor to release McDuffy. While it is taking the necessary legal steps, the workers are also preparing a campaign of mass pressure.

Poland Signs Non-Aggression Pact With U.S.S.R.

The Polish government has finally signed the non-aggression pact offered by the Soviet Government. The pact was signed yesterday at Moscow at 2 o'clock by Ambassador Stanislas Patek for Poland and Acting Foreign Commissar N. N. Krestinski for the Soviet Union.

Polish officials have promised an early ratification of the pact, and declare that they will not wait for Rumanian action on a similar pact offered by the Soviet Union.

"Will Imperialist War Bring Back Prosperity?" Robert W. Dunn shows how it will not, in the July "Communist," a special anti-war issue.

VETS DEMAND RELEASE OF 9 ARRESTED

Call Mass Meet Aug. 1 Against Boss War And For Bonus

PROTESTS FLOOD HOOVER

B. E. F. Firm Against Ouster Order

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—The bonus army, which through mass militant action of the rank and file group and the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League forced the government to withdraw its first evacuation order, is now mobilizing its forces to resist further threats of eviction. The veterans here urged today to come out to a mass meeting called by the rank and file committee to demand the release of the 10 veterans jailed yesterday in the picket demonstration on Pennsylvania Avenue.

To Hold Anti-War Meet.

The Workers Ex-Servicemen's League is planning for a mass demonstration on August 1st, against the new imperialist war that the Wall Street government is now preparing. The police, clubbing and jailing of veterans was vigorously denounced today throughout the city by workers and veterans.

Glasford's latest order of eviction, issued today, stated that the veterans will be driven from the government buildings by building wrecking crews under the supervision of armed guards.

The veterans in the government buildings jeered at this latest police plan and declared that they would refuse to be ousted.

Veterans of the Bonus Expeditionary forces, aroused over the brutal police attack on the rank and file group which attempted to picket the White House Monday, are rallying their forces for a mass protest demonstration to demand the immediate release of Pace, Elicker and seven other rank and file veterans who are held in jail.

Telegrams of protest poured into Washington today from all parts of the country demanding the release of the jailed veterans and an extra session of Congress to pass the bonus bill.

New York Vets Protest.
Fifteen hundred war veterans assembled at a mass meeting in New York City sent the following telegram to President Hoover:

"Whereas Congress has adjourned without providing one iota of relief to millions of unemployed workers and veterans while providing billions for bankers, we, 1500 war veterans assembled in a mass meeting in New York City July 26, demand that you reconvene Congress at once to pass the payment of the veterans' back wages due to them now and not in 1945. We also demand unemployment insurance for all workers. We further demand the immediate release of 25 marines imprisoned for refusing to eject the bonus marchers."

A telegram was also received today by Admiral Butler, head of the Washington Navy Yard, protesting against the arrest of the 25 marines.

Mother Mooney-Moore Meef in Bronx Wed. Anti-War Meet Satur.

NEW YORK.—Mother Mooney and Richard B. Moore will speak Wednesday night, July 27, at 6 p.m. at an open-air meet at Wilkins and Intervale Aves., which has been arranged by Section 15 of the Communist Party, Bronx. All workers are urged to attend and march to the indoor meeting after in Ambassador Hall, Third Ave., near Caremont Parkway.

Why this "horror" at the brutality of Florida prison camps, when the prison camps in every state in the "Black Belt" are equally bad, when the prison camps in all the Southern states surpass the worst the Inquisition was able to invent?

Newfoundland Jobless Storm Premier's House, Demand Relief

ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, July 26.—Several hundred unemployed demonstrated in front of the house of H. A. Winter, acting Premier, and demanded a report on the recent negotiations between the government and the banks for a loan to finance a program of work to relieve the unemployed.

A large body of unemployed workers paraded the streets last night and demonstrated in front of the house of H. A. Winter, acting Premier, and demanded a report on the recent negotiations between the government and the banks for a loan to finance a program of work to relieve the unemployed.

Last April over 10,000 jobless stormed the Newfoundland House of Assembly, forcing the resignation of Prime Minister Squires for failing to carry out promises to relieve the starving workers.

FRENCH TRY SAVE DOUMER KILLER

Seek To Protect White Guards

The trial of Dr. Paul Gorgulov, White Guardist assassin of the French president Doumer, opened yesterday in Paris with Gorgulov repeating his original statement that in murdering Doumer he sought to involve the Soviet Union in war with France.

Gorgulov proclaimed his hatred of the Soviet Union and of Communism and called upon the French imperialists "to keep my idea alive."

The French imperialists who share the aims of Gorgulov and the White Guards for armed intervention against the Soviet Union are liberally applying the law in Gorgulov's favor, seeking to prove him insane at the time he murdered Doumer. Many witnesses have been mobilized to testify to his "godness of heart."

The court room was packed to its doors with a large crowd of White Guardists and sympathizers, while the police made every effort to bar French workers from the court.

Although President Doumer was murdered on May 4, last, the French imperialists had delayed the trial of his assassin, in their efforts to protect their White Guard allies. Many attempts were made to pass off Gorgulov as a Soviet agent in the drive for war provocation against the Soviet Union.

The court appointed as Gorgulov's defense attorney Henry Geraud, who defended Villain, the murderer of Jules Jaures, French reformist leader.

MAKE BOSSES IN N. C. HEAR ALL DEMANDS

Call for Mass Protest Against Jailing of 23 Workers

N. T. W. U. ISSUES CALL

Martin, Doran, Fhifer Freed from Jail

BULLETIN
HIGH POINT, N. C., July 26.—The International Labor Defense through their attorney Flowers forced the release today of Martin, Doran and Fhifer, organizers who were held incommunicado since they were arrested Friday while distributing the Daily Worker to the strikers. The International Labor Defense is continuing the fight for the release of the 20 local strikers arrested at the beginning of the strike.

HIGH POINT, N. C., July 26.—The effectiveness of the great, history strike involving over 6,000 workers was made clear today when owners of several mills stated that they would see the workers rank and file committee. The mill owners had up until today refused to do this.

The strikers elected committees last night to take their demands to the bosses. The strikers will demand the April 1st scale, which is \$2.35 per hundred dozen against the bosses' planned scale of \$2.00 per hundred dozen.

Heavy Police Mobilization.
Meanwhile, state troopers and extra county and city police are being held in readiness in an attempt to terrorize the strikers to accept the bosses' program.

N.T.W.U. Warns Against Sellout.
The strikers were warned today by the National Textile Workers Union against attempts of the bosses and enemies of the strike to trick them into accepting the \$2.00 scale.

The National Textile Workers Union called today for mass protests in the strike area and throughout the country to demand the release of 23 workers jailed during the strike.

"Contradictions Among the Imperialists and Conflicts on the Pacific Coast," a brilliant analytical article by N. Terezyev in the special anti-war issue of "The Communist," July number.

Build the united front for jobless insurance. All out August 1st!

Today's Issue

of the 'Daily'

Bares Shameless

Political Fraud

(See Page 3)

ARKANSASTROOPS IN MANHUNT FOR MILITANT MINERS

U.M.W.A. Official In Move to Call Off Struggle

CLARKSVILLE, Ark., July 25.—The leaders of the union miners who stormed the Clarksville Coal Company mine are being hunted down by troopers and county officers. Three miners were arrested and thrown into jail last night.

A roundup of the leaders was started by Sheriff Fred Russell.

Sheriff Fred Russell, leading the arresting party, declared that the hunt would continue until about 30 of miners were rounded up.

National Guardsmen were stationed around the jail throughout the day.

A large delegation of miners toured the coal fields of Clarksville today to prevent scabs from entering the mine. Bob Griffith, pit boss, was beaten by the miners following his attempt to keep the strikers from talking to the miners still working.

Over a thousand miners have established a camp between Montana and Spadra, O. E. Mikel, international representative of the United Mine Workers of America, in an attempt to call off the struggle of the miners, said that the action of the rank and file was unauthorized by the union.

NEGRO AND WHITE PAINTERS HOLD PICKET DEMONSTRATION

NEW YORK, N. Y., July 26.—More than a hundred Negro and white painters of the Alteration Painters Union held a picket demonstration in Harlem.

Two more shops have settled with the union. A committee of twenty-five has been set up to look after the interests of shops on strike.

WORKERS PUSH MASS FIGHT AGAINST BOSS DRIVE FOR WAR AS AUGUST 1 NEARS

Workers Rally Throughout U. S. in Fight On Imperialist War Drive

New York Demonstration at Union Square Will be Largest in Years, Reports Indicate

JAPAN TO PUSH MILITARY BASE AUG. 1 MEETINGS

Shifts General In Manchuria

The Japanese fascist government has decided to appoint Gen. Nobuyoshi Muto, Inspector-General of the Japanese Army, Commander-in-chief in Manchuria with a view to consolidating the Japanese grip on that country thus facilitating the conversion of Manchuria into a military base against the Soviet Union.

It is announced that General Muto who is also openly hostile to the Soviet Union—is to become the first head of the unified Japanese administration in Manchuria. Three additional Japanese have been appointed as members of the Privy Council of the puppet Manchukuo State.

Additional Japanese troops are being rushed into Jehol Province under cover of the usual denials by the Japanese of any intention to seize Chinese territory. The Nanking government is withholding news of the military campaign against the Chinese Soviet Districts and the workers and peasants Red Armies.

There will be four assembly points, namely: Columbus Circle, Whitehall and South St., Seventh St. Park on the East Side and Madison Square. The following schedule applies to the mobilization and marches from the four mobilization points:

(1) Trade Union Unity Council (mobilization of all unions, leagues and opposition groups). Unemployed Council (2 West Midtown Councils, 2 Harlem Councils, 4 Bronx Councils). Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League (Posts 2, 50 and 35). The meeting will begin at 2 p.m., the march to Union Square at 3:30 p.m. The speakers at the meeting will be Carl Winter, chairman; Sidney Bloomfield of the Trade Union Unity Council; Ben Gold of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union; Hunge of the Ex-Servicemen's League; Follops of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union; and George Powers, candidate of the Communist Party.

(2) Waterfront—Marine section, Marine Workers' Union, Ex-Servicemen's League (Posts 180, 75 and 40). Unemployed Council (Borough Park, Red Hook, Brooklyn Waterfront Council, Brighton Beach and Coney Island). This meeting at Whitehall and South Sts. will begin at 2:30 p.m., the march to Union Square at 4 p.m. Speakers: Chairman—Jones of the Marine Workers' Industrial Union; Slack of the Marine Workers' Industrial Union; Bellinson of the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League; Welsh of

Cincinnati Workers Prepare August 1

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 26.—Cincinnati workers are planning a mighty anti-war demonstration on August 1st at the Old Hospital Lot, 12th and Central, at 7 p.m. Cincinnati workers are seeing with their own eyes the frantic war preparations of the bosses. As part of these preparations, 800 high school and college students have been receiving military training at the Citizens Military Camp this summer. Thousands of dollars are being raised by the local boss officials for the National Guards while the local charities have again cut down relief.

News Flashes

GORGULOV DEFENSE TO BE INSANITY.

(Cable By Iapreccor)
PARIS, July 26.—The Gorgulov defense is to be insanity. The French authorities and the whole French bourgeois press are exerting the greatest care to prevent the trial from progressing along lines that would involve official circles, and especially the head of the police.

ARREST 33 COMMUNISTS.

VIENNA, July 26.—Thirty-three Communists were arrested and taken to the State police station in Budapest under threat of a court martial trial and summary sentence, possibly execution.

Budapest workers, led by the Young Communist League, held a demonstration for the prisoners and successfully resisted police attacks and efforts to break it up. Dr. Kardegg, president of the League of Human Rights, has arrived in Budapest to intervene with the Ministry of Justice.

FARM PAY LOWEST SINCE 1929

WASHINGTON.—Daily farm wages without board now range from 35 cents a day in South Carolina to a reported figure of \$2.60 in Massachusetts and Rhode Island and average only \$1.23 for the country as a whole, the lowest level since 1902, according to a report from the Department of Agriculture.

Parades In Many New Jersey Cities

NEWARK, N. J., July 26.—In their fight against imperialist war and for the defense of the Chinese masses and the Soviet Union, New Jersey workers are preparing August 1st demonstration in the following cities:

Newark, Military Park 6 p.m.; Hoboken, Fourth and Washington, 7 p.m.; Jersey City, Newark and Jersey Ave., 7 p.m.; Bayonne, Elizabeth, Union Square, 7 p.m.; Linden, Hillside, Perth Amboy, New Brunswick, Trenton, Paterson, Passaic, Harrison.

Indoor meetings will be held in Carteret, Lakewood and Neptune.

60 Cadets Sink With German Training Ship Niobe In Hurricane

KIEL, July 26.—Like the recent sinking of the French submarine, 60 cadets and junior cadets, were dragged to the bottom of the sea aboard the German navy training ship, Niobe, which sank off the coast here, according to latest reports.

A hurricane overtook the four-masted Niobe so suddenly that a rescue call went out too late. The steamer Thoresen Russ, only several knots away, managed to save only forty of the one hundred lives aboard.

DOGSKINWORKERS CALLED OUT ON STRIKE TO-DAY

Will Demand July Wage Increases and Jobs for Unemployed

NEW YORK.—Today, Wednesday, July 27, at 8 a.m., all dog skin workers are called to strike for the following demands:

- July raises for every dog skin worker.
- Jobs for the Unemployed.
- No contracting.
- Equal division of work.
- Unemployment insurance fund paid by the bosses and administered by the workers.

Union conditions and recognition of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

Let no dog skin worker go up to the shop. March in union ranks to the strike headquarters, 149 W. 24th Street. Demonstrate your unity and solidarity and determination to win your justified demands to improve your working and living conditions.

Last year thru organized strength, the dogskin workers forced the bosses to give July increases and to recognize the right to be organized in your union. Thru organized strength they broke the terror of the company union and gave courage to the thousands of fur workers for mass struggle against the company union, against the bosses for higher wages and better living conditions. The struggle last year called forth the admiration and enthusiasm of the thousands of fur workers.

N.Y. VETS MASS MEETS TODAY

To Hit Jailing On 9 In Washington

NEW YORK.—Post two Harlem Workers Ex-Servicemen League will hold a series of meetings today to demand a Special Session of Congress to pay the former soldiers, sailors, and marines their back pay bonus in full and unemployment insurance.

Post 2 has issued several hundred leaflets against the arrest of several leaders of the bonus marchers in the meeting will be held at 125th Street and 7th Avenue, at 7:30 p.m. Washington, Monday.

(By a Worker Correspondent) NEWARK, N. J.—The White Star Line, running their boats from New York to Bermuda and Halifax, sells tickets for these cruises in American money, but the crew is paid off in British money, which when cashed brings only \$7.50 for two pounds. One worker recently shipped out for cruise and was forced to work 18 hours for six days in the galley and received only two pounds for this slavery.

An important meeting of the John Reed Club writers will be held tonight at the Club headquarters at 8:30.

Workers Ex-Servicemen's League Post 35 and the Irish Workers' Club will hold an open-air meeting at 25th St. and Mott St., at 8 p.m.

Office Workers Union Comrade Schuster will speak on conditions of office workers in Germany and the Soviet Union. Meeting to be held at 8 p.m., Thursday, July 28, at 15 E. 21st St. Dancing, entertainment and refreshments. Admission 25 cents.

THURSDAY W. E. S. L. Post 35 will hold a special meeting at 130 E. 8th St. on Sunday, August 1st. Preparations will be made.

Post No. 40 of Workers Ex-Servicemen's League is calling a membership meeting to be held at 2923 W. 32nd St., Coney Island, July 28, at 8 p.m. Refreshments, entertainment and refreshments. Admission 25 cents.

Post No. 2, Workers Ex-Servicemen's League open-air meeting tonight at 125th St. and Seventh Ave. Veterans assemble at headquarters at 8:30 p.m. for special work.

Vote Communist Club of Yorkville will meet at 330 E. 81st St. at 8 p.m.

The Freshet Mandolin Orchestra is arranging a free concert at 108 E. 14th St. at 8:30 p.m. Speakers and music.

Pauline Rogers, running for Congress in the Harlem District, will lecture on the Communist Party's policy on the New War at the Harlem Progressive Youth Club, 1533 Madison Ave., second floor.

The Laundry Workers Industrial Union asks all workers to come to 110 Southern Blvd. and help the strikers of the Bronx Home Laundry win their fight against starvation. Mass picket lines every day!

A pocketbook was lost at the Picnic last Sunday in Pelham Bay Parkway. Workers who have information regarding same please communicate with the District Office, 50 E. 13th St.

United Front Election Committee of Yugoslav workers' organizations is arranging a picnic Sunday, Aug. 7, in the Old Shaffer's Park, 230 Paterson Plank Road, North Bergen, N. J. There will be a very interesting program, dramatic singing and speakers on the present election. Admission 25 cents. Take Lackawanna Ferry at W. 32nd St. or Hudson Tunnel to Hudson; from there Passaic St. car to the Old Shaffer's Park.

Workers Ex-Servicemen's League has moved to 127 W. 135th St.

The Anti-Imperialist League would like volunteers typist help. Office at 799 Broadway, Room 355.

Comrades wanted to sell the Anti-Imperialist Review. Make 5 cents on every copy. Come up to Room 355, 799 Broadway. Ask for Bruno.

WEDNESDAY Post 35, W.E.S.L. and the Irish Workers' Club will hold an open forum air meeting at 125th St. and Willis Ave., Bronx, at 8 p.m. Vets will speak on bonus and August 1.

The Medical Workers League will have its membership meeting at 5 p.m. at 15 W. 51st St. W. S. Raymond will speak on the bonus.

Frame-up Material on Irish Militants Kept Hidden by Bronx Judge

NEW YORK.—Magistrate James Barrett of the Bronx County Court ruled that the frame-up evidence against the four Irish workers charged with felonious assault for resisting an eviction must continue to remain hidden in the minutes of the Grand Jury. Barrett made this decision when Allen Tash, attorney for the International Labor Defense, demanded the evidence for inspection by the defense on Monday.

The fight against the star-chamber methods used by Tammany courts and police to hush up the story of the brutal eviction, resisted by the defendants—John Mullally, Hugh McKiernan, John Rooney and Martin Moriarty of the Irish Workers' Club—is being spread in demonstrations throughout the Bronx. The club will hold a protest meeting at Willis Ave. and 147th St. tonight.

The Catholic Charities, callously indifferent to the plight of the dispossessed McParland family, has been forced by the Irish Workers' Club campaign to pay a month's rent and food allowances for one week. Officials had tried to ignore their previous promise—loudly proclaimed in magistrate's court—that \$25 was far too much rent for rooms for a family having six children.

Worker Indicted For Manslaughter

Sam Weinstein, Strike Leader, Framed Up

Sam Weinstein, militant worker and strike leader, was indicted on a charge of manslaughter yesterday in the Supreme Court of Kings County. He was framed up as a result of his activity in the strike at the Muskin Furniture Co., 322 Throop Ave., Brooklyn.

Weinstein is charged with beating to death a woman in the Bronx. He was picketing in Brooklyn at the time of the alleged attack.

The Muskin Furniture Co. bosses hope that Weinstein's indictment on a charge of manslaughter will frighten the workers into calling off the strike, pointing out one of the strikers. The workers, however, are determined not only to continue the strike all the more militantly, but to stand by Weinstein no matter what happens.

Hearings on the injunction asked by the Muskin bosses has been adjourned until tomorrow.

Carl Brodsky, Nominee of C. P. at Election Conference Tonight

NEW YORK.—Carl Brodsky, Communist candidate in the 22nd Congressional district, will speak tonight at 8 o'clock, at 1610 Boston Road in an election conference meet under the auspices of sections 5 and 15 of the United Front Election Campaign Committee.

With elections increasing and unemployment mounting, and with an unusual display of boss gangsterism in local strikes, the coming Communist election campaign is expected to receive the most active support of the Bronx workers.

The delegates at the conference will elect a committee of twenty-five workers to lead the election struggle.

STAGE-SCREEN

"PAGE PYGMALION" OPENS NEXT WEEK AT BIJOU THEATRE

"Page Pygmalion," a new comedy by Carl Henkle, is scheduled to open next Wednesday night at the Bijou Theatre, presented by Alan Morrell. The chief players are Robert Emmett Keane, Claire Whitney, Doris Eaton, Carleton Young and Pervy Helton.

The Provincetown Playhouse announces the premiere of Devil's Little Game, a new play by Joseph Jay Ingelid, scheduled to open on Monday evening.

"My Lucky Star," a comedy by Joe Patchin, will be presented this evening at the Free Theatre on East 77th St. A cast of white and Negro players will include Frank Wilson, Rose McClendon, Eddie Quinn, Viola Denne and Doris Remsen.

"SOUL," SOVIET FILM OF UKRAINE, AT ACME THEATRE

The next Soviet film to be presented at the Acme Theatre will be "Soul," a dramatic and engrossing picture of rural life in the present-day Ukraine. The film, which opens today, deals with the struggle between the modern and the outlived viewpoint in the peasant community.

Alexander Dovzhenko, director of "Soul," who in his "Arsenal" gave such a compelling portrayal of the hero role the Ukraine played in the revolution, has in this picture unfolded a stirring narrative of struggle between elemental forces both in nature and in human society. In a series of poignant, dramatic and imaginative scenes Dovzhenko shows the passing of the old order with its reactionary philosophy and religious bigotry and the turbulent push of the new creative forces rapidly consolidating the new order of living.

A very important special membership meeting of the Alfred Levy Branch of the I.L.D. will be held at 5 p.m. sharp at 534 Vermont St., Brooklyn. All members urged.

KARL LIEBKNECHT HOUSE OCCUPIED BY REICH POLICE

Sharp Protest Forces Withdrawal

(Cable by Inprecorr)

BERLIN, July 26.—Police this afternoon occupied the Karl Liebknecht House, headquarters of the "Rote Fahne," and Communist Party offices. Telephonic protests to the police department and to the Reichswahr brought denials of any knowledge of the occupation. A short time later, however, the police was withdrawn with the explanation that it was all "a mistake."

A clash between Nazi and workers took place today when the fascists hung a fascist flag from a window at Naumyn Street in a proletarian section. Workers quickly gathered, hurling stones at the flag. Police in motor lorries arrived, cleared the street by firing a number of shots.

Earlier in the day, the Von Papen government lifted the martial law over Berlin as a pre-election measure. Mobilization of police in the workers' quarters continued, however, and the ban on the Communist press which had carried the call for a mass political strike was not removed.

At the same time the close alliance of Von Papen and the fascists was once more revealed when the government lifted a two-year-old ban on Nazi holding office in Prussia.

THUGS ASSAULT YOUTH MEETING

Invaade Cafeteria; Meet Prepared for Aug. 1

NEW YORK.—Twelve strikers of the Bronx Home Laundry were arrested and held on charges of disorderly conduct. The strikers were arrested while following a march. A hearing on the bosses' application for a sweeping injunction to restrain the union from strike activities will be held at the Bronx County Court, 161 St., and 3rd Avenue, Friday, July 29th.

It is expected that a large number of workers will come to the court to protest against the vicious injunction proceedings.

A full report of the Bronx strike will be given at a special meeting called by the Laundry Workers Union at Ambassador Hall, 2874 Claremont Parkway Thursday, at 8 p.m.

A mass demonstration against the attempt to saddle the injunction on the strikers will be held Thursday, at 1 p.m. The workers will meet at 1130 Southern Boulevard.

The Co-operative Laundry of 3700 Bronx Park East has stopped dealing with the Master Laundry because the boss of the above laundry is taking a leading part in the activity of the bosses' Association to break the Union.

The boss of the Master Laundry has caused the arrest of 7 strikers of the Bronx Home and Edison Laundry for advertising the strike.

Release of Hungarian Writer Demanded by the John Reed Club

NEW YORK.—The John Reed Club yesterday sent a sharp wire of protest to Karolyi, Hungarian premier at Budapest, and to Count Lasso Sechenyi, his ambassador to the United States, condemning the death sentences passed upon the novelist and poet, Friedrich Karikas, and demanding his release.

The wire says: "The John Reed Club of New York, an organization of revolutionary writers and artists, denounces as an outrage the sentence of death upon the novelist and poet, Friedrich Karikas, and against two other political prisoners arrested with him. We demand the rescinding of this sentence and the immediate and unconditional release of all three."

WIN ICE CREAM Seamen's Church Institute, New York City.

Daily Worker.—The militancy and excellent fighting spirit of the Marine Workers Industrial Union is beginning to show results. At the Seamen's Church Institute, where seamen were forced to accept a lousy bowl of "soup" or stew, two thin slices of bread and some rotten cheese supposed to be coffee for their dinner, before the M. W. I. U. exposed Mrs. Roper and her whole strike-breaking outfit, now the 10 cents meal is a little better, and believe it or not, ice cream is served with it.

NEIGHBORHOOD THEATRES EAST SIDE-BRONX

RKO always a Good Show

JEFFERSON FRANKLIN

WEDNESDAY TO FRIDAY

Douglass Fairbanks, Jr.

"LOVE IS A RACKET"

AT JEFFERSON—EXTRA FEATURE

"Sinister Hands"

WITH JACK MULLALL

MATS. 15 CENTS 15 CENTS 15 CENTS

EXTRA SAT. SUN. and HOLIDAYS

TODAY, TOMORROW AND FRIDAY

A Ukrainian Soviet Epic!

A drama of earth drenched with the spirit of the Ukraine—a poem in pictures—revealing the soul of the peasant in his struggle to conquer.

Directed by A. Dovzhenko, Professor of "Arsenal"

ADDED FEATURES

Latest Working-class News

The ACME THEATRE 150 E. 14th St. and Union Square

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Needle Union Starts Organization Drive In The Dress Trade

NEW YORK.—The Dress Department of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union is going ahead with the plans to prepare an immediate organization drive in the dress trade. The season is gradually beginning and prompt action is necessary in order to stop the wage rate and of improve the conditions of the workers.

The Dress Department has arranged section meetings which will take place on Thursday, July 28th, right after work at the following places—in Bronx, at the Italian workers Center—550 East 184th St. and in Brownsville at 1813 Pitkin Avenue. At these section meetings the trade board will report on the plans and mobilize the workers for immediate action.

The call has been issued by the Dress Department today to the workers of the open shops calling on them to immediately bring in their complaints so that the union can help them to organize their shops.

12 ARRESTED IN LAUNDRY STRIKE

NEW YORK.—Twelve strikers of the Bronx Home Laundry were arrested and held on charges of disorderly conduct. The strikers were arrested while following a march. A hearing on the bosses' application for a sweeping injunction to restrain the union from strike activities will be held at the Bronx County Court, 161 St., and 3rd Avenue, Friday, July 29th.

It is expected that a large number of workers will come to the court to protest against the vicious injunction proceedings.

A full report of the Bronx strike will be given at a special meeting called by the Laundry Workers Union at Ambassador Hall, 2874 Claremont Parkway Thursday, at 8 p.m.

A mass demonstration against the attempt to saddle the injunction on the strikers will be held Thursday, at 1 p.m. The workers will meet at 1130 Southern Boulevard.

The Co-operative Laundry of 3700 Bronx Park East has stopped dealing with the Master Laundry because the boss of the above laundry is taking a leading part in the activity of the bosses' Association to break the Union.

The boss of the Master Laundry has caused the arrest of 7 strikers of the Bronx Home and Edison Laundry for advertising the strike.

Release of Hungarian Writer Demanded by the John Reed Club

NEW YORK.—The John Reed Club yesterday sent a sharp wire of protest to Karolyi, Hungarian premier at Budapest, and to Count Lasso Sechenyi, his ambassador to the United States, condemning the death sentences passed upon the novelist and poet, Friedrich Karikas, and demanding his release.

The wire says: "The John Reed Club of New York, an organization of revolutionary writers and artists, denounces as an outrage the sentence of death upon the novelist and poet, Friedrich Karikas, and against two other political prisoners arrested with him. We demand the rescinding of this sentence and the immediate and unconditional release of all three."

WIN ICE CREAM Seamen's Church Institute, New York City.

Daily Worker.—The militancy and excellent fighting spirit of the Marine Workers Industrial Union is beginning to show results. At the Seamen's Church Institute, where seamen were forced to accept a lousy bowl of "soup" or stew, two thin slices of bread and some rotten cheese supposed to be coffee for their dinner, before the M. W. I. U. exposed Mrs. Roper and her whole strike-breaking outfit, now the 10 cents meal is a little better, and believe it or not, ice cream is served with it.

NEIGHBORHOOD THEATRES EAST SIDE-BRONX

RKO always a Good Show

JEFFERSON FRANKLIN

WEDNESDAY TO FRIDAY

Douglass Fairbanks, Jr.

"LOVE IS A RACKET"

AT JEFFERSON—EXTRA FEATURE

"Sinister Hands"

WITH JACK MULLALL

MATS. 15 CENTS 15 CENTS 15 CENTS

EXTRA SAT. SUN. and HOLIDAYS

TODAY, TOMORROW AND FRIDAY

A Ukrainian Soviet Epic!

A drama of earth drenched with the spirit of the Ukraine—a poem in pictures—revealing the soul of the peasant in his struggle to conquer.

Directed by A. Dovzhenko, Professor of "Arsenal"

ADDED FEATURES

Latest Working-class News

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BASE LAID FOR ANTI-INJUNCTION MEET TOMORROW

Students To Picket I. Miller Shop Today

NEW YORK.—Final preparations will be made today for the Anti-Injunction Conference to be held tomorrow night at the Manhattan Lyceum, 64 E. 4th St.

Reports show that delegates will be present from all the revolutionary trade unions, leagues, A. F. of L. groups and workers organizations in Greater New York.

The final meeting of the Provisional Committee for the Anti-Injunction conference will take place at 5 p.m. today at 790 Broadway, Room 338. At this meeting final plans will be worked out for the conference.

Students to Picket The National Students League, which is taking an active interest in the anti-injunction fight, is sending out 50 students from Hunter, Columbia, C.C.N.Y. and N.Y.U. to picket in front of the I. Miller Shoe factory in Long Island City today at 10 a.m. despite the injunction issued against picketing of any nature.

The students have prepared signs, posters and banners which they will carry on the picket line.

All workers are urged to attend the anti-injunction meetings to be held today (July 27) at 43 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 p.m., Madison Square at 23rd St., Manhattan, at 8 p.m., Mott St. and West 35th St., Coney Island, at 8 p.m., 18th St. and 8th Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 p.m., Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, at 8 p.m., and 1338 Madison Ave., New York, at 8:30 p.m.

CITY WORKERS RESENT CUT

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

wage-cut is spreading to all departments of city employees, including the police and firemen, and is especially vigorous among the 43,000 teachers, groups of whom have already issued a leaflet calling on their colleagues to resist the wage-cut, and adopt a militant program of activity at an emergency meeting of teachers to be held at the Labor Temple on 14th Street near Second Avenue on Thursday night.

While no open opposition to the proposed cut is being manifested by police and firemen, the majority of these city employees apparently are deeply resentful and maintain that they are being put on the "spot," and that any open move on their part to fight the wage slash will result in their being penalized in various ways.

The Communist Party points out to all city employees that organized resistance to the cut will defeat it, and that the 420,000,000 that the city will "save" through the wage-cut should come out of the pockets of the rich in the form of increased taxes.

Fake polls on the wage-cut are being held in various city departments by Tammany Hall leaders in order to throw a cloak of "voluntary" acceptance around the ten per cent slash.

The proposed cut will be a particularly heavy blow to the 43,000 school teachers, all of whom have already been forced to contribute four per cent of their salaries for relief to needy children.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR: 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance and employers.

LIVE IN A—WORKERS COOPERATIVE COLONY

We have a limited number of 3 and 4 room apartments NO INVESTMENT NECESSARY—OPPOSITE BRONX PARK 2800 BRONX PARK EAST

Comradely atmosphere—In this Cooperative Colony you will find a library, athletic director, workroom for children, workers' clubs and various cultural activities

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Take Lexington Avenue train to White Plains Road and Get off Allerton Avenue

Office open from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. every day; 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Sunday

FIGHT AND STRUGGLE IN THE CITY—LIVE IN THE COUNTRY!

This can be a reality if you join THE GOLDEN BRIDGE COOPERATIVE COLONY if interested, communicate with DR. ROSENSTEIN, 235 CYPRESS AVENUE, BRONX

It will be worth your while

ON TO THE ARBEITER FRONT—FOR THE BENEFIT OF

—THE ARBEITER—

GERMAN COMMUNIST WEEKLY

Sunday, July 31st at 11 a.m.

at FINK'S PARK—814 East 225th Street, Bronx, N. Y.

Program—Proletarian, Agitation of the Nature Friends, Youth, Space

Direction—Take Lexington Express (White Plains Rd.) to 225 St., 14th Block East

I.L.D. Calls For Mass Picketing To Smash Miller Injunction

NEW YORK.—The International Labor Defense calls upon its members to aid in the mass picketing of the I. Miller shoe shop in Long Island City, in order to break thru the vicious strike-breaking injunctions issued by the bosses. Come to strike headquarters, corner of 41st Ave. and 29th St., I.L.D., Tuesday, July 26, at 4:30 p.m.

PREPARE FOR BIG AUG. 1 MEETING

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

the L.S.N.R.; Hopkin, candidate of the Communist Party.

(3) Seventh St. Park—Young Communist League, Pioneers, all youth organizations, youth branches of all mass organizations except unions. East Midtown Unemployed Council and Downtown Council. The meeting will begin at 4 p.m. and the march to Union Square at 4:30 p.m. Speakers: Chairman—representative of the Young Communist League, Markoff, Party candidate, a Negro youth comrade and others.

(4) Madison Square—Friends of the Soviet Union, Workers' International Relief, International Labor Defense, International Workers' Order, Women's Council, all other mass and language organizations, Ex-Servicemen's League Post No. 1, Workers' Club and Anti-Imperialist League. The meeting will begin at 3:

CAUGHT!

"American Freeman," Backing Thomas and Maurer, Lifts Foster's Acceptance Speech Made in Chicago, in Brazen Attempt to Disguise Anti-Workingclass "Socialist" Position

The American Freeman

Devoted to Social Justice and Industrial Sanity
PUBLISHED BY E. HALDEMANN-JULIUS, 121 E. 12TH ST., CHICAGO, ILL.
Subscription price, \$2.00 per year in advance. Single copies, 10c. Entered as second-class matter, July 27, 1932, at Chicago, Ill., under Post Office No. 121,000. Postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices. Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 27, 1932. Postmaster: Please send address changes to THE AMERICAN FREEMAN, 121 E. 12TH ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

Photostatic copy of masthead of "American Freeman" for June 11, which lifted Communist speech and published as his own.

FOSTER'S ACCEPTANCE SPEECH

(May 28, 1932)

The Communist Party calls upon the workers to organize for militant struggles now against hunger and war. It calls upon them to prepare for the overthrow of the capitalist system and building of Socialism (Applause). As against the capitalist way out of the crisis through mass starvation and war, the Communist Party proposes the revolutionary way out of the crisis through class struggle, the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government (Applause).

—Page 21-22, pamphlet containing Foster's speech.

The Communist Party does not, under capitalism, limit itself simply to the propagation of revolutionary slogans and to organization for final revolutionary struggle. On the contrary, it enters into the everyday struggles of the workers. The Party which proposes the overthrow of capitalism and the building of a new world, must also know how to lead the workers here and now in mass struggles to relieve their burning grievances. While capitalism insists the Communist Party fights militantly to bring every possible concession from the exploiters. At the same time it utilizes these daily struggles to awaken the class consciousness of the masses, to organize them economically and politically, and to prepare them for their final revolutionary goal.

—Page 23—Foster Pamphlet.

The Communist Party warns the masses of toilers of the war slaughter that the American government, Japan and other imperialists, behind a hypocritical mask of pacifist intentions, are organizing against the Soviet Union. This war is already in its first stage and may break into a conflagration at any moment.

—Foster's speech, page 27.

The Communist Party condemns the growing wave of terrorism being directed against the workers to suppress their struggles against starvation. This is marked by the wave of lynching of Negroes in the South, the shooting down of unemployed workers in Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, etc.; the arresting and jailing of militant workers all over the country, the deportation of revolutionary strike leaders and other foreign-born workers, the reign of terror in Kentucky.

—Foster's speech, page 28.

The Communist Party is the Party of the Negro. It is the Party of all the oppressed. It fights for the unity of the toiling Negro masses and the white workers. Without such unity the revolution will be impossible.

—Foster's speech, page 28.

But in the election campaign the Communist Party also especially stimulates the struggles of the workers in every direction. It takes its election campaign to the shops, to the factories, to the bread lines, to the flop houses, to the farms. It organizes the workers to strike and demonstrate for their demands, as well as to vote for them. It utilizes the election campaign to build the revolutionary unions and Unemployed Councils, and to bring them into active struggle against the capitalists. Its aim is to turn the defensive struggle of the workers into a counter-offensive against the capitalists.

Foster's Speech—Page 23.

It will be noted that this Socialist Party paper deliberately omits the part dealing with revolutionary unions and unemployed councils. In all cases where concrete proposals for action occur in Foster's speech the plagiarists carefully cut them out.

In election campaigns the Communist Party does not confine itself to canvassing for votes. It is important to build a strong Communist vote, in order to organize and measure the sentiment of the masses, and elect representatives to the capitalist government, not in the illusion the workers can peacefully capture the government, but to enable them the better to expose the capitalist government, to bring concessions from the employers, and to bring the Communist program forcefully before the masses.

—Foster's Speech.

The words underlined in the pamphlet containing Foster's speech are left out in the quotation the socialist paper used. The reason is plain. The socialists want workers to believe that they need not struggle to wrest power from the capitalist bandits, but that the capitalists will voluntarily turn over power to the working class.

The Communist Party is the leader in the struggle for unemployment insurance and will mobilize ever greater masses of workers for struggle until the capitalist masters of America are compelled to grant unemployment insurance to the starving millions in this country.

—Foster's speech, page 22.

When four years ago the Communist Party nominated national candidates in the elections we were in the midst of the so-called "Coolidge prosperity." Hoover was hypocritically campaigning with promises of perpetual prosperity and the end of all poverty. The new capitalism was to turn the workers into capitalists, and to wipe out all class lines.

—Foster's speech, page 13.

SOCIALIST "AMERICAN FREEMAN"

(June 11, 1932)

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—June 11, "American Freeman."

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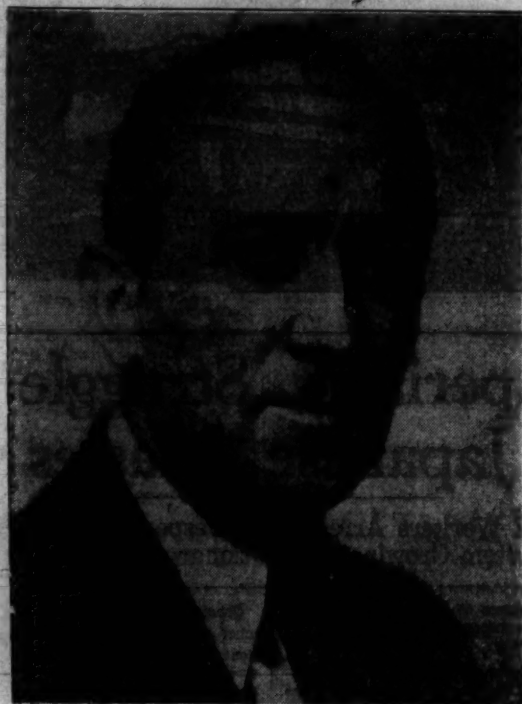
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—June 11, "American Freeman."

'American Freeman' Edited by E. Haldemann-Julius, Journalistic Racketeer and Socialist Candidate for U.S. Senate from State of Kansas

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER



Wm. Z. Foster, (above) Communist candidate for President, parts of whose revolutionary acceptance speech in Chicago was lifted by the "American Freeman" in order to mislead radicalized workers and farmers and to win votes for Thomas and Maurer. (Right)

What the Communist Party of the U. S. A. Fights For!

The Communist Party of the U.S.A. in the election campaign puts forth the following main demands in its struggle against the bosses' offensive and for a Workers' and Farmers' government:

1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rents or debts.
4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

The Communist Party wages a militant struggle for these demands. In this struggle it calls for a broad united front of workers, including workingclass members of the Socialist Party, A. F. of L. unions, organized and unorganized workers, together with Communist and revolutionary workers.

Thus, while the socialist officials and their organs are making demagogic poses, the Communist Party calls for militant struggle!

FOSTER'S ACCEPTANCE SPEECH

The Communist Party calls upon the farmers to struggle against the monstrous pauperization, expropriation of the land, and the driving of the farmer from their farms that is now taking place all over the United States.

—P. 25—Foster Speech.

SOCIALIST "AMERICAN FREEMAN"

The Socialist Party calls upon the farmers to struggle against the monstrous pauperization, expropriation of the land, and the driving of the farmer from their farms that is now taking place in the United States.

June 11—American Freeman.

The present situation completely justifies the position of the Communist Party and belies the promises of the capitalists and their American Federation of Labor and Socialist tools. The capitalist system is in the deepest crisis of its career, both in the United States and all over the world. Production is at 50 per cent of normal, and constantly declines.

While the great masses starve, the mills and factories remain shut down in a criminally absurd crisis of over-production. Fifteen million workers walk the streets unemployed, and ten millions more work only part-time. Wage cuts in every industry have reduced wages to starvation levels. During the past two years the living standard of the American working class has been cut at least 60 per cent. The income of the farmers has been cut from \$12,000,000,000 in 1929 to \$1,000,000,000 in 1931. The farmers, like the workers, are starving, and are being stripped of their meager possessions.

PP. 13-14—Foster Speech.

Of course this socialist publication, "The American Freeman," carefully omits the words "the American Federation of Labor and their SOCIALIST tools." Nor do they quote from that section of Comrade Foster's speech on page 18 wherein he correctly designates the Socialist Party as the third party of capitalism. The Girard, Kansas, socialist publication is silent on that part of the speech wherein the Socialist Party leaders of the United States are compared to the socialists in Germany who are helping the capitalists establish a fascist regime. Does anyone need an answer to the question why the "American Freeman" did not print that part of the speech of the Communist presidential candidate which said: "The Socialist Party is an enemy of the working class. It is a part of the capitalist exploitation machinery."

In the election campaign the Progressives—the Pinchots, LaGuardias, LaFollettes, Murrays, etc., will make a demagogic show of opposition to the Hoover government for vote-catching purposes. But they have supported every basic policy of that government. They are the representatives of the smaller capitalists and the rich farmers. Their policy is to wheedle from the capitalists concessions for these middle elements at the expense of the working class and poor farmers. The measure of their pretended friendship for the workers is the Groves Law of Wisconsin, under whose miserable provisions, misnamed unemployment insurance, no provision whatever is made for the vast masses now unemployed, and only for the dim future are the present employed promised insurance on a basis less than now prevails in many charity relief systems.

—Foster's speech, page 17.

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—June 11, American Freeman.

The Hoover Republican government, the instrument of the dictatorship of big capital, has refused to establish a system of unemployment insurance, and has forced the workers down into a starvation charity relief system of a few cents a day. It has helped the employers all over the country to cut wages, despite its hypocritical promises not to. It has instituted the infamous starvation stagger system. It has supported the growing reign of terror against the Negro masses. It has inaugurated a monstrous deportation campaign against the foreign born workers. With police, gunmen and troops it meets every move of the workers to strike or demonstrate for relief.

It doubly exploits the colonial and semi-colonial peoples of Latin America, China, etc. The Hoover government has handed billions of dollars to the great banks and railroads. It is spending billions more to prepare a murderous war. But for the hungry workers it has nothing but the iron fist. In all this program of mass starvation and terrorism, the Hoover Republican government has had the full support of the Democratic Party.

And now these two capitalist parties, in order to better to crush the workers with fascist violence and to prepare for war, are organizing a super-party alliance.

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—June 11—American Freeman.

The nationalistic and imperialistic character of the "American Freeman" gang is seen in its deliberate omission of the double-exploitation imposed upon the colonial and semi-colonial peoples.

What Is Behind This Rank Political Swindle?

THE Socialist Party platform, the speeches of Norman Thomas, Morris Hillquit and others are all directed toward helping the capitalist class out of their crisis at the expense of the workers. The Socialist Party platform has nothing in common with the revolutionary program and policies of the fighting Communist Party. On the contrary!

What is the basis for such a deception as practiced by "The American Freeman"? The answer to this question is found, significantly enough, in the very program of the Communist Party which the Kansas socialists attempted to distort. Analyzing the policies of the socialists at the present time, the Communist Election program warned specifically against it in the following words:

"The Socialist Party and its left ally, the Muske group, especially has tried in the past and tries now to break up the workers' fight for the program put forward by the Communist, by urging forward its own substitute of 'something just as good,' by making its false program look as much as possible 'like the Communist,' by talking revolutionary, by arguing for a choice of 'the lesser evil,' by putting themselves for as 'the same thing only more practical'."

While rendering service to the general capitalist program nationally, the Socialist demagogues, faced with the revolutionary need of the workers in specific sections of the country, resort to more brazen forms of political bribery—of which the above expose is a striking example. Other examples are the setting up of non-influenced "Citizens' Unemployed Councils" in Seattle and Tacoma and Workers' Unemployed Committees in Chicago and other cities.

One central fact emerges: Underneath all these radical phrases and militant poses are seen the day-to-day deeds of the Socialist Party—betrayals of the workers everywhere.

REPUDIATE THIS POLITICAL SWINDLE; WORK AND FIGHT for COMMUNIST PROGRAM, CANDIDATES!

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
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Act to Defeat the War

THIS August First, International Fighting Day Against Imperialist War, occurs in the midst of a world-wide drive of the imperialist bandits toward another world slaughter of the toiling masses. As the crisis of capitalism continues and deepens the imperialists are striving to add to all their crimes against the toiling masses the colossal crime of another world war—a war that today is already under way in the Far East and directed against the Chinese people and the Soviet Union.

The statesmen of the world are today resorting to deceptive peace talk, just as their predecessors did in 1912 to 1914. The more these criminals pushed the world to the brink of the world slaughter the louder became their protestations of peace. Those who talked loudest were carrying out the most adroit and devious trickery in preparation for the war. All the peace maneuvers then and now were and are for the purpose of establishing a background before which they could deceive the workers and farmers of their own lands into support of the war machine.

At this time it is well to learn a lesson from the struggle of the bonus "army" in Washington. Unquestionably the vast majority of these men were fooled as boys in 1917 into believing that they were engaged in a mighty crusade to "make the world safe for democracy." When the only capitalists whose government had plunged the United States into the war told these boys that they were heroes, that their sacrifices would never be forgotten, that there would be nothing too good for them when they got back, most of them believed it.

Today these boys who were promised everything are now men who face policemen's clubs, tear-gas and bullets when they ask for a crust of bread.

The same Wall Street bandit gang that plunged this country into the war of 1917 are at this moment engaged in fomenting war in the Far East—a war that is growing and unless there is immediate and decisive action will grow into a world war far surpassing the last one.

There must be determined actions against the war mongers right here on the home front. Definitely connected with beating back the capitalist drive toward war is the fight for unemployment and social insurance, against wage cuts, against the terror and discrimination of the Negro masses.

All out August First!
Stop the shipments of munitions to Japan!
Intensify the mass struggle against production of war materials!
Build the revolutionary united front against hunger and impoverishment, against fascism and war!
Fight for a Workers' and Farmers' Government!

Mussolini's Secret Naval Building

RECTOR C. BYWATER, one of the most tireless propagandists for British naval supremacy, has come out with an exposure of the fact that the fascist-war-mongering government of Italy is secretly engaged in construction of naval vessels prohibited by numerous naval "treaties."

Those who have been reading in the DAILY WORKER the documents dealing with the manner in which war preparations of 1912-14 were concealed behind all kinds of called peace talk will recognize that such trickery, such double-dealing is not in any way an unusual thing. It is the tried and approved method of every imperialist power. It is the application to war preparations of the Machiavellian politics of every capitalist state and of all capitalist diplomats whose one rule of conduct is to use words to conceal thought and action.

What is of grave concern to the toiling masses of the world is the fact that the imperialist antagonisms have sharpened to such a degree that England's leading naval publicist rips the mask off Mussolini's secret naval building activities.

This is an attempt further to bring together France, the enemy in the Mediterranean of Italy, and the ruling class of Britain—a process that received considerable impetus at the Lausanne conference where the "gentlemen's agreement" was arrived at not to pay debts to the rival imperialist bandits on Wall Street. Another big reason for the attack against fascist Italy is the fact that the United States imperialists are striving to align Italy behind its own imperialist policies in Europe.

Finally the British naval "expert," Bywater, lets loose such facts in order to anticipate the exposure of similar practices of Great Britain and to justify such action.

THE admission by the Italian fascist dictatorship that it is now engaged in the construction of 14 warships, while its delegates have been making sham "peace" and "disarmament" gestures at the Geneva "disarmament" conference, was coupled with the statement that other nations are doing the same thing. The imperialists expose each other's frantic war preparations while trying to shroud with secrecy and pacifist demagoguery their own war preparations.

These developments must be a warning signal to the toiling masses of the world. More than ever it is essential that this August First, International Fighting Day Against Imperialist War, be the signal for tremendous mass mobilization against the vicious war drive of the imperialist ruling powers. The action of August First must raise to a higher level and increase on an ascending scale the mass fight against imperialist war and in defense of the Chinese people and the Soviet Union.

More "Nationalization" Deception

THE Milwaukee Leader, organ of Mayor Hoan's anti-working class Socialist Party machine, in its issue of July 21, editorializes on the blessings of government in business.

It seems that one W. E. Mallahan, general manager of the national board of fire underwriters, delivered a radio talk in which he said young people coming out of school had less opportunity to start in business for themselves because the government is engaging too much in business. The socialist sheet instead of exposing the fact that decadent capitalism has no place for millions of youth, utilizes the incident to elaborate on the reformist Socialist Party's "nationalization program," and sermonizes thus:

"Our friend of the board of fire underwriters is all wrong in what he says. The young folks just out of school. They do not suffer from too much government in business—they suffer from not enough government in business."

One of the most elementary principles of Marxism is the fact that nationalization within the frame-work of the capitalist state only strengthens the capitalists. All this talk emanating from yellow socialists, liberals, insurgent republicans and democrats about nationalization and state control over industries and banks meets with considerable favor among many capitalist elements. Especially is this so with regard to ventures hard hit by the crisis. In many instances governments, particularly in Europe, take control of industry and banks for the purpose of shouldering their bankruptcies upon the taxpayers. The former owners are reimbursed with bonds which draw guaranteed interest from the government. This is, as Comrade Mandulsky recently said: "the nationalization of losses, the nationalization of economic downfall, leaving the profits to capitalism."

In general this slogan means greater concentration of power in the hands of the capitalist state power, which exists only to enable the capitalist class to impose by force its rule over the working class. It is an institution for perpetuating slavery that the socialist leaders would strengthen by their nationalization schemes.

It has nothing in common with the Marxist-Leninist position which insists that the only way industry and national wealth can be made available for the masses is by the destruction of the capitalist system and the establishment of the rule of the proletariat.

That is what the Communist Party fights for in its Election Platform.

ALL OUT!



Anti-Imperialist Struggle of the Japanese Masses

By L. M. BELL

IN an attempt to save itself from the economic crisis, which hits Japan with the same mercilessness as it does the rest of the capitalist world, Japanese imperialism has launched a robber war against the Chinese people in Manchuria and Shanghai.

Background of Invasion

Half a century ago, threatened by the possible colonization of the island empire by White Imperialism, the Japanese feudal warlords started to "modernize" the country and followed the Western powers in industrialization and militarization. Owing to the total absence of raw materials in the islands, the ruling class of Japan made the most strenuous efforts to maintain a big navy and a strong military force to make possible the securing of raw materials from "backward" countries and to complete successfully with other imperialist powers in the sale of their manufactured products.

This resulted in the extreme concentration of capital (seven concerns dominate almost all industry, trade, traffic and banking in Japan) and the most brutal form of exploitation of the working class. Meanwhile the possession of land in the hands of a few landowners and the remnant feudalistic condition still existing in the village drive the Japanese peasants into greater misery. The economic crisis has thrown two million workers out of employment. Disaffection among workers grows and the revolutionary wave rises throughout the country.

Sought Capitalist Way Out

Through the military occupation of Manchuria and the bombing of Shanghai, the capitalists of Japan sought a capitalist way out of the crisis. To quench the revolutionary flames of the proletariat and poor farmers, they appealed for patriotic support of the war adventure. But this time the Japanese militarists made a serious mistake.

Instead of an outburst of "patriotic" feeling in the country, the workers, peasants, students and intellectuals of Japan, under the leadership of the Japanese Section of League Against Imperialism and the Communist Party of Japan, have from the very beginning fought against the robber in China and for the defense of the Chinese revolution and of the Soviet Union. The Japanese Section of the League Against Imperialism has 17 provincial committees. In Tokyo alone, it has 14 factory groups, 20 street groups, 20 school groups and even groups in the military barracks. The League Section has a fortnightly central organ which has reached a circulation of 4,000. It has also published a series of anti-imperialist pamphlets.

Held Anti-War Congress

The Japanese Section of League Against Imperialism called its first Congress in December last year in the midst of the bloody war in Manchuria. In order to divert the attention of the white terror of Japanese imperialism, the Congress was held in two separate parts. The Congress of the first group, which included the generalist and delegates from Korea, the All-Japanese Peasant League, as well as delegates from provinces, was pounced upon by the police and all participants arrested. The

202 Workers Arrested In Desperate Drive to Stem Growing Revolutionary Movement

Congress of the second group was held successfully from December 1st to 8th.

Under the leadership of the Japanese Section of the League Against Imperialism and of the Communist Party of Japan, anti-war demonstrations were held and anti-war leaflets were distributed in the factory districts of Tokyo, Osaka and other cities and even villages. A demonstration against war was staged by 1,000 students of the Imperial University, 25 of whom were arrested. Strikes broke out in factories where war materials are manufactured. Agitation against war was even carried into military barracks, as a result of which 600 soldiers of the Shanghai Expeditionary Force refused to fight and 200 others revolted in Manchuria.

Consequently the Mikado government arrested thousands of revolutionary workers and used the severest persecution against "dangerous thoughts" trying desperately to stamp out the rising anti-imperialist movement of the Japanese masses. The recent trial of 202 Communists which resulted in one sentenced to death, three to life imprisonment and the rest to terms of three to fifteen years of imprisonment marked an intensification of the Mikado Government's bloody suppression of the anti-imperialists. This terror against the anti-imperialists is aimed to crush the growing movement of the Japanese masses against the war on the Chinese people and against the steady march of Japanese troops toward the Soviet

border to attack the Soviet Union. The capitalists in the United States, France and England are supporting this bloody slaughter of the Japanese workers by the Japanese ruling class.

Task of U. S. Workers

To stop the Japanese war in Manchuria and to prevent this from developing into a war on the Soviet Union, we, American toilers, should organize to support the revolutionary workers, peasants and students of Japan in their struggle against the war carried on by their imperialist government. Mass meetings should be held throughout the United States to popularize the struggle of the Japanese masses among the workers of this country.

Revolutionary greetings should be sent to the Japanese masses pledging our support to their struggle against imperialism.

The American should realize that the defense of these heroic Japanese comrades is an inseparable part of our work in fighting against hunger and war in fighting for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

Give full support to the World Congress Against War to take place in Geneva on August 28th! All out on August First, International Day of Struggle Against Imperialist War.

Workers' Counter Olympics in Chicago

Sportsmen to Struggle Against Imperialist War

By R. K. GEBERT

ON July 28, 29, 30 and 31st the Workers' International Sport Meet will take place in Chicago, which is organized in opposition to the bosses' sport meet, known as the Olympics in Los Angeles.

The sport movement, as a whole, is minimized and underestimated by the working-class revolutionary movement in the United States. This is the last thing always considered. And it is one of the very important factors in the lives of the working class of the U. S. The bosses very effectively use sports against the working class. In the call of the American Olympics Committee (of which President Hoover is honorary president and Henry Stimson, secretary of state, is honorary vice-president and Patrick H. Hurley, secretary of war, and Charles F. Adams, secretary of the Navy, are active members, and on the Chicago Executive Committee we find the names of Democratic Mayor Cermak, Col. Frank Knox, General A. Davis and a number of other generals, industrial magnates and bankers, including Melvin Traylor, of the First National Bank) this fact is fully recognized and stated very openly. They very definitely declare:

"In recent years there has been a surprising lack of social unrest in the U. S. Probably the most important factor in preventing general disturbances of any kind is the nation-wide interest in sports and games. The ideals of sport have left a definite impression on the character of the people of this country. For this reason, if for no other, our program merits the support of every patriotic citizen."

"The Baseball Magazine" carries a leading article with headline: "Baseball as a cure for industrial

unrest," points out that "managers of huge corporations have adopted baseball as an important factor in maintaining plant and efficiency and employes' loyalty and avoiding vacations and costly wage disputes."

This open admission of the purpose of the bosses' sports must be seriously considered by the working class. We fully realize the importance of building the L. S. U. to counteract bosses' sports. The bosses realize the importance of the Olympics so much that according to figures given to the press, as to the cost of the Olympics, that the preparations for the Olympics alone will cost \$6,041,000. This, of course, does not include traveling expenses, etc. This is just organizational expenses for the Olympics. And the bosses are doing their damnest to bring sportsmen from all over the world and to mobilize the masses to watch the developments of the sports in Los Angeles and bring as many as they only can to the Olympics proper. They estimate that 105,000 people will attend the Olympics.

The Workers' Sports Meet. And now as to our Counter Olympics. The preparations for our Sports Meet were not broad enough. They did not involve the masses. However, in spite of the many shortcomings, and weaknesses, a large number of workers' sport organizations have been won to participate. In the Chicago Stagg Field. Many workers give their full endorsement and co-operation.

While the Olympics in Los Angeles will be held in the atmosphere of imperialist war preparations, the Chicago Workers' Sports Meet will be held with a determination to struggle against imperialist war, and for the defense of the Soviet Union. Worker sportsmen of the Soviet Union were not invited to the Olympics. The Com-

mittee of the Counter Olympics invited the Soviet Union sportsmen to come to Chicago. They were denied admission by Secretary of State Stimson, who is honorary vice-president of the Olympics. The officialdom of the Chicago Federation of Labor, as the A. F. of L. leaders everywhere, support the bosses' Olympics and refuse to give any support whatsoever to the Workers' Sports Meet in Chicago. But the masses of workers in Chicago and vicinity fully realize the international importance of the Workers' Sports Meet in Chicago. Every worker in Chicago and vicinity shall consider it his or her duty to come and bring others to participate in the Counter Olympics.

Join Labor Sports Union.

Judging from the program arranged by the committee, this will be one of the most important workers' sports gathering in the U. S. The program is so rich that everybody who will come will enjoy it. In addition to the sports meet there will be greetings from working-class organizations in Chicago and an artistic program given by the Workers' Cultural Federation. We must utilize the Workers' Sports Meet in Chicago to build, strengthen and develop our as yet small Labor Sports Union into a broad mass organization.

"The struggle against militarism must not be postponed until the moment when war breaks out. Then it will be too late. The struggle against war must be carried on now, daily, hourly."

LENIN.

"The struggle against militarism is an extreme form of the class struggle against war and against the political power of capitalism."

—LENNING.

How the First World War Was Prepared

PEACE TALK AS A CLOAK FOR WAR PREPARATIONS

Documents from the Period Preceding the First Imperialist World War

EDITOR'S NOTE:—This is a continuation of the series of documents the DAILY WORKER is publishing dealing with events leading up to the World War. These documents are all from official sources, many of them obtained from the famous secret archives of the old Czarist government which were seized by the Bolsheviks shortly after the November revolution of 1917.

These documents, newspapers reports and utterances of statesmen show how peace talk was used to cloak the preparations for the last world war and shed a revealing light upon the diplomats and in the Far East the next world war.

ANGLO-FRENCH MILITARY MEASURES

Secret Correspondence Between Sir Edward Grey and the French Ambassador in London, M. Paul Cambon

Sir Edward Grey to M. Cambon, French ambassador in London, Foreign Office, November 22, 1912

My dear Ambassador:

From time to time in recent years the French and British naval and military experts have consulted together. It has always been understood that such consultation does not restrict the freedom of either government to decide at any future time whether or not to assist the other by armed force. We have agreed that consultation between experts is not, and ought not to be regarded as, an engagement that commits either Government to action in a contingency that has not arisen and may never arise. The disposition, for instance, of the French and British fleets respectively at the present moment is not based upon an engagement to co-operate in war.

You have, however, pointed out that if either Government had grave reason to expect an unprovoked attack by a third Power, it might become essential to know whether it could in that event depend upon the armed assistance of the other.

I agree that, if either Government had grave reason to expect an unprovoked attack by a third Power, or something that threatened general peace, it should immediately discuss with the other whether both Governments should act together to prevent aggression and to preserve peace, and if so, what measures they would be prepared to take in common. If these measures involved action, the plans of the General Staff would at once be taken into consideration, and the Governments would then decide what effect should be given to them.

Yours, etc., E. GREY.

M. Cambon, French Ambassador

in London, to Sir Edward Grey, French Embassy, London, November 23, 1912

Dear Sir Edward,

You reminded me in your letter of yesterday, 22nd November, that during the last few years the military and naval authorities of France and Great Britain have consulted with each other from time to time; that it had always been understood that these consultations should not restrict the liberty of either Government to decide in future whether they should lend each other the support of their armed forces; that, on either side, these consultations between experts were not and should not be considered as engagements binding our Governments to take action in certain eventualities; that, however, I had remarked to you that, if one or other of the two Governments had grave reasons to fear an unprovoked attack on the part of a third Power, it would become essential to know whether it could count on the armed support of the other.

Your letter answers that point, and I am authorized to state that, in the event of one of our two Governments having grave reasons to fear either an act of aggression from a third Power, or some event threatening the general peace, that Government would immediately examine with the other the question whether both Governments should act together in order to prevent the act of aggression or preserve peace. If so, the two Governments would deliberate as to the measures which they would be prepared to take in common; if those measures involved action, the two Governments would take into immediate consideration the plans of their general staffs and would then decide as to the effect to be given to those plans.

Yours, etc.,

PAUL CAMBON.

M. Sazonov, the Russian Foreign Minister, reported to the Tsar on 1912:

England promised to support France on land by sending an expedition of 100,000 to the Belgian border to repel the invasion of France by the German army through Belgium, expected by the French General Staff.

GOVERNMENT DENIALS

Lord Hugh Cecil, in the course of a question in the House of Commons, on March 10, 1913, stated:

There is a very general belief that this country is under an obligation, yet a treaty obligation, but an obligation arising owing to an assurance given by the Ministry in the course of diplomatic negotiations to send a very large force out of this country to operate in Europe.

Mr. Asquith (the Prime Minister): I ought to say that it is not true.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

The Anti-Imperialist Review

THE articles in the Anti-Imperialist Review (Nos. 4-5) just received from Berlin, reveal world imperialism as having, through its irreconcilable contradiction, reached the war stage. The first article "The War Phase of the World Economic Crisis and the Colonies" by L. Magyar, traces the frantic efforts of the imperialist countries to dam the tide of the deepening crisis.

A comprehensive analysis is made of the effect of the crisis on colonial countries. The "struggle between the imperialist powers for sources of raw materials is going on and the struggle is not only on the question 'as to who shall possess, exploit and develop the sources of raw material, but also as to who shall be in a position to shut them up and suppress them.'"

The imperialist struggle for colonies is explained by the fact that while profits and dividends are going down, the colonial world banks, the concerns which operate in the colonial countries, are still able to pocket gigantic surplus profits. How American imperialism gets its strangle hold on Latin American countries is revealed in the article "U.S.A. Imperialist Investments in South America," by Robert Dunn, based on the recent Senate investigation, whose object was to save the higher ups from the anger of the small investors.

V. Valitsky in an article on "The West Ukraine and War," and Vanya-Ykov in "The Slovians under the heel of French and Italian imperialists" tells how these countries are used as imperialist stepping stones; in the case of West Ukraine, for Poland for war on Russia; in the case of Slovenia, for domination of the Balkan States by their present oppressors, French and Italian imperialism.

While in these countries the native culture is destroyed, as well as all economic independence crushed, through terror, Soviet Russia in every way encourages the native

culture of the small nationalities and leaves them free to choose their own government. As the result of such a policy, there exists the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, comprising 167 peoples and more than 200 languages, in what was formerly the imperialist colonial empire of the Czar.

"The Solution of the National Question in the U.S.S.R." by Otto Unger, and "National Freedom in the Soviet Union" by B. Smerial are the first of a series of articles which will appear in the Anti-Imperialist Review on how Soviet Russia is solving the national question.

There are several contributions by the Anti-Imperialist League of the United States. An article called "The Force of Philippine Independence" by Wm. Simmons showing up the "independence," promised in the Hare Bill and the Hawes-Cutting Bill now before the United States Congress, as merely a means of getting a stronger hold on the islands.

In the statement of the Anti-Imperialist League of the United States against the brutal suppression of the Peruvian Naval Revolt, the "Apra" is declared to be in the camp of the reactionary elements in Peru, its program characterized as nothing but support of British imperialism for internationalism of the Panama Canal, against Yankee imperialism—but not against all imperialism.

The call to the workers and peasants of Curacao issued by the Anti-Imperialist League of the United States, and "Indonesia and the World Economic Crisis" by A. Dirks, show that the Dutch have little to learn from the more powerful imperialists on how to terrorize and oppress the colonial workers and peasants.

There is also in this issue, the manifesto of the Cuban Section of the League Against Imperialism, which should be of particular interest to workers of the New York district who have adopted Cuba.